

South West London People and Communities Engagement Strategy

May 2022

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NHS

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1. Introduction



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1.1. Message from our Chair





Millie Banerjee CBE Chair Designate South West London Integrated Care System

'We will only know if our services are meeting the real needs of our citizens and communities by speaking to the people who use them and their families. Most importantly, we need to work hard to hear from those with poor health, understanding the context of people's lives, their social histories and how we can work with them to improve their health and wellbeing.

Becoming an ICS is an opportunity to do this better, by coming together across organisational boundaries to share our knowledge, data, insight and connections we can listen and learn how to do better together. The pandemic has clearly shown us the huge value that our voluntary and community sector partners can bring in supporting local people. Building trust with all our communities is essential in reducing health inequalities and our voluntary and community partners hold the key to supporting us to embrace more community-led approaches and to build trust through continuous conversations. I am committed to ensuring that their voice is significant in our work, so we become stronger strategic partners.

We have worked with partners to develop this strategy and set out the systems we have put in place to ensure that the voices of people and communities are at the heart of our SW London partnership working. This responsibility sits across all the organisations and teams in our system, and we are keen to build on the enthusiasm of our health and care staff to develop this culture of citizen engagement as an everyday way of working.'

1.2 Summary



This document explains our approach to making sure that the voice of people and communities is heard and influences how we plan and deliver health and care services in south west London. It shows: the principles that we can be held to; the ways we involve people; the processes in place to ensure that their views influence decision making and the systems in place to provide assurance that this happens.

By working more closely with each ICS partner, we can better understand people's needs and hopes, provide more responsive, safe and effective services and support local people to access the services they need, at the right time and in the right place.

We know this will take time to get right. However, we have strong relationships and practise to build on. Our approach will be strengthened by bringing together engagement and insight from across all partners, to help achieve equity and improve the quality of health and care services for local people.

1.3 The vision for what we want to achieve



We aim to:

- Ensure the **voice of people and communities is central** to all levels of our work and that we have inclusive ways of reaching and listening to our diverse populations
- Reduce health inequalities by better understanding the needs and aspirations of our local people and communities, and responding to them in how we plan and deliver services
- **Develop a culture** where talking and engaging with local people and communities is embraced as part of **everyone's role**.
- Plan how we listen to local people and communities at the beginning of any project that might change how services are delivered to ensure it is well resourced and appropriately delivered
- Invest in community led engagement that will strengthen our understanding of our communities and their experiences
- Build on the strong communications and engagement delivered across our partnership over the last 4 years and review resource to support each element of the new system
- Continue to **review and adapt** our approach as our system matures and evolves. This strategy is just the start...

1.4 Companion documents



Our people and communities engagement strategy sets out our high level approach to ensuring that people are communities are at the heart of everything we do. It will be accompanied by the following companion documents to support delivery. These will be developed, with local people, from April 2022, and will include:

- An explanation of how local people can get involved outlining the opportunities 'Guide to having your say in the SWL ICS: what matters most to you?'
- People and communities charter/pledge what our engagement strategy means for local people
- Evaluation framework a detailed approach to evaluating the impact of what we do
- Toolkit and resources to support staff to engage with local people and communities
- Valuing voices remuneration policy
- Co-produced delivery plans for SWL, Place and Provider Collaboratives

Communications documents to support transparent working and wider stakeholder engagement:

- Social media policy
- Staff engagement plan + day 1 communications plan
- ICB and ICS brand and style guide
- Regular press release and stakeholder updates published on ICB and ICS websites

1.5 Understanding South West London



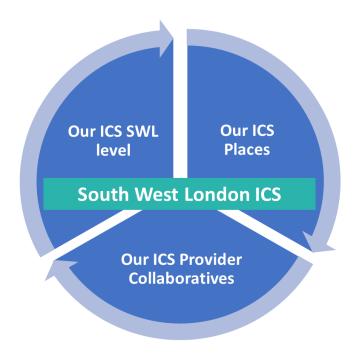
- South West London covers 296 square kilometres and six London boroughs; Croydon, Kingston, Merton, Richmond, Sutton and Wandsworth.
- The resident population of South West London is 1,505,000 people a population density of 5,050 people per square kilometre, although this ranges widely across the area from 3,430 people per km2 in Richmond to 9,528 people per km2 in Wandsworth. Although the resident population is under 1.5 million the NHS in South West London treats many more people than this.
- A fifth (21%) of the population were under the age of 16. Just over a tenth (13%) of the population were aged 65 or above. The population is projected to grow by 10% over the next ten years (by 2029) and a further 6% in the ten years after that resulting in a population of 1,774,270 in 2039.
- The younger population is increasing at the slowest rate, with the number of those aged under 16 estimated to grow by 3% and make up 18% of the total population in 2039.
- The older population is increasing at a faster rate, with the number of those aged 65 and above increasing 59% over the next twenty years and estimated to make up 17% of the population in 2039.
- In 2019, an estimated 35% of the population were from a Black, Asian or Minority Ethnic group (BAME). This community is also projected to increase considerably, increasing 29% over the next twenty years and estimated to make up 39% of the population in 2039.



1.6 Understanding our South West London ICS



Our SWL ISC is made up of 3 parts: SWL ICS Places; SWL ICS Provider Collaboratives; and ICS SWL Level



ICS South West London

The role of the ICS SWL London is to

- Improve outcomes in population health and healthcare
- Tackle inequalities in outcomes, experience and access
- Enhance productivity and value for money
- Help the NHS support broader social and economic development

South West London ICS Place

Within South West London ICS Places there are six Places: Croydon, Kingston, Merton, Richmond, Sutton and Wandsworth. These six Places are co-terminus with our six Local Authority boroughs.

The purpose of our places is to:

- **support and develop primary care networks** (PCNs) which join up primary and community services across local neighbourhoods.
- **simplify, modernise and join up health and care** (including through technology and by joining up primary and secondary care where appropriate).
- understand and identify using population health management techniques and other intelligence – people and families at risk of being left behind and to organise proactive support for them; and
- coordinate the local contribution to health, social and economic development to prevent future risks to ill-health within different population groups.

South West London ICS Provider Collaboratives

There are three Provider Collaboratives in South West London:

- South London Mental Health Partnership comprising Oxleas NHS Foundation Trust, South London and Maudsley NHS Trust and South West London and St. George's NHS Trust.
- The Acute Provider Collaborative comprising Croydon Health Services NHS
 Trust, Epsom and St. Helier University Hospitals NHS Trust, Kingston Hospital
 NHS Foundation Trust, St. George's University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust.
- Royal Marsden Partners all South West London and North West London Acute Trusts providing cancer services.

The purpose of provider collaboratives is to better enable their members to work together to continuously improve quality, efficiency and outcomes, including proactively addressing unwarranted variation and inequalities in access and experience across different providers. They are expected to enable trusts to collaboratively lead the transformation of services and the recovery from the pandemic, ensuring shared ownership of objectives and plans across all parties.



2. Developing our people and communities engagement strategy

2.1 How we developed this strategy

2.2 How it has been built on what we have learned from engaging with our communities

2.1 How we developed this strategy



To shape our approach to developing the people and communities engagement strategy, we discussed it with 40 groups and over 500 people including:

- Community Engagement Steering Group (Healthwatch, VCSE and PPE leads from each borough)
- Communications and engagement colleagues SWL NHS Providers and Local Authorities & Borough Communication & Engagement Groups
- Borough patient engagement groups in each borough
- Place Leaders Group
- Borough Transition Teams
- ICS Delivery Group
- Chief nurse meeting and trust patient experience leads and directors of quality
- NHS Provider Chief Execs and NHS Provider Chairs
- Collaborative Leadership Group

We developed the strategy over two phases.

During phase 1 we: tested our vision for what it should be; sought views on the companion documents and asked for feedback on key governance questions including assurance, resourcing and delivery. We also mapped how engagement works at place and within provider collaboratives.

During phase 2 we went back to review the themes that came out of phase 1, and which informed our aims, and discussed our recommendations about assurance, resourcing and delivery.

Lessons learned about engagement

There was positive support for ensuring that this strategy is informed by the lessons learned from engaging with local people over the last 18-24 months. We discussed these lessons during phase 1, adding and amending them so they reflect what we learned across the system. These can be seen in the next slide.

2.2 What we have learned about engagement



BE RESOURCEFUL

partnership working with

resources and contacts –

coordinate not duplicate to maximise reach

LA and NHS – share

Use partners' networks

Continue close

South West London



Use local champions

Use creative methods to extend reach particularly to communities experiencing health inequalities and poorer health outcomes e.g. work with community champions, influencers and faith leaders, use films, media and social media



BE CONNECTED

Find community leaders

Work with trusted leaders to speak with local people and communities



Make the first move

Go to local communities – rather than expecting them to come to you – provide translations and interpreters





BE INCLUSIVE

Create maximum impact

Co-design messages/adapt and iterate with local people to have maximum impact

BE REPRESENTATIVE

Reflect the population

Co-deliver engagement sessions with clinicians that reflect local populations

BE OPEN

Listen and understand

Develop ongoing conversations and sustainable relationships and build on those established relationships

BE BOLD

Go beyond traditional boundaries

Work across borough boundaries to engage with particular communities



BE INFORMED

Gather data and insight

Use population health data and insight to inform, adapt and shape our approach

BE RESPONSIVE

Community first

Be led by the community and their needs – ask and respond to how they would like to be engaged/involved



Build collaborative and resilient network of communications and engagement professionals to deliver common goals

BE PURPOSEFUL

BE COLLABORATIVE

Work with VCSEs

Work closely with and invest in the VCSE sector to strengthen their capacity and extend our reach

Reflect and share

BE PROUD

Celebrate success and feedback – show the impact of everyone's contributions





3. Ten principles for how we work with people and communities



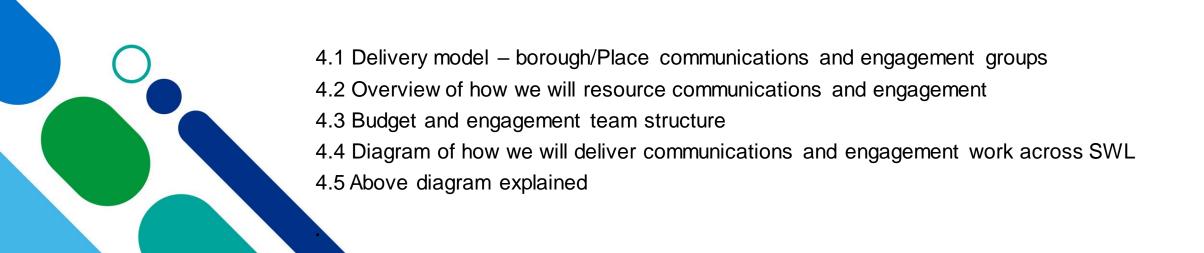
3. Ten principles for how we work with people and communities



- Put the voices of people and communities at the centre of decision-making and governance, at every level of the ICS.
- 2. Start engagement early when developing plans and feed back to people and communities how their engagement has influenced activities and decisions.
- 3. Understand your communities: their relevant social histories, their experiences and their aspirations for health and care. Engage to find out if change is having the desired effect.
- 4. Build relationships with excluded groups, especially those affected by inequalities.
- 5. Work with **Healthwatch and the voluntary**, community and social enterprise (VCSE) sector as key partners
- 6. Provide **clear and accessible public information** about vision, plans and progress, to build understanding and trust.
- 7. Use community development approaches that **empower people and communities**, making connections to social action (bottom up) what local people determine are community priorities.
- 8. Use **co-production**, **insight** and engagement to achieve **accountable health and care services**. By working jointly with people accountable to local people.
- Co-produce and redesign services and tackle system priorities in partnership with people and communities (top down)
- 10. Learn from what works and **build on the assets of all ICS partners** networks, relationships, activity in local places.



4. How we deliver and resource communications and engagement in our ICS



4.1 Delivery model – communications and engagement groups



Borough/Place communications and engagement groups

We have set up multi-stakeholder borough communications and engagement groups. These were established 4 years ago and are key to ensuring that good practice communications and engagement is delivered across our ICS.

Their role is to:

- Coordinate and manage the delivery of engagement and communications work supporting priorities and work plans at Place; provider collaboratives and SWL level
- Bring together insight from across partners and ensure it informs priorities and strategic decision making
- Agree resource to deliver work and develop clear work plans to share the delivery

Membership

The detail of who sits on each group will be locally agreed. However, the minimum membership will include:

- NHS Providers acute, mental health and community (communications and patient experience leads)
- SWL NHS communications and engagement
- Local authority (communications and engagement)
- VCSE sector (locally informed)
- Healthwatch
- Link to borough engagement assurance mechanism

4.2 Overview of how we will resource communications and engagement South West London

Below sets out our initial approach to how communications and engagement will be resourced across our ICS. It is subject to review and refinement as our work and system develops.

Leadership

- The executive director for communications and engagement will be professionally accountable for communications and engagement activity across the SWL ICS and responsible for leading the work
- There is a communications and engagement lead for SWL, Place and each Provider Collaborative who will attend the most senior decision making meeting to advise on citizen engagement, legal duty to involve and communications issues throughout policy development and implementation. These C&E leads have dual reporting lines to Leader for Place/SWL/Provider Collab with support and professional accountability from ICS exec director of communications and engagement.

SW London

The SWL delivery team will continue to:

- support the system and provide specialist advice, guidance, co-ordination and resource for patient and public engagement, media and issues management, stakeholder and public affairs, campaigns & digital and staff engagement
- deliver SWL C&E activity for programmes that spans all south west London boroughs e.g. vaccine, support to clinical networks, and SWL transformation programmes (workforce, digital, mental health)

Place

- · Each place will has a Comms & Eng leader who will:
 - · manage local team/drives work plans, and aligns comms/eng work with partner organisations
 - attend, supports and advises place committee
 - chair and lead borough C&E group
 - bring together engagement and comms specialists in one team with engagement professional leadership and support from SWL

Provider collaboratives

We are supporting provider collaboratives and considering future resourcing as they develop, in particular around engagement expertise for the acute provider collaborative, around service change, and new models of care and pathway redesign. Engagement resource is currently in each place via south west London team.

4.3 Budget and engagement team structure

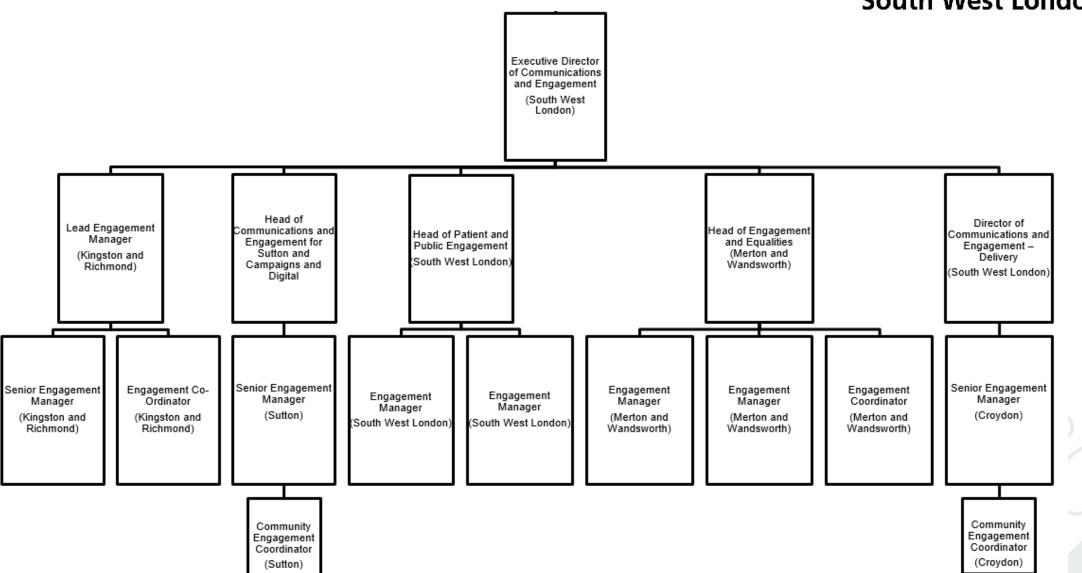


Budget – non-pay

- We are currently working through next year's budget with the finance team and the balance between place and SWLondon funding. Our agreed approach is that engagement is part of all work programmes rather than an additional activity that is SWL funded.
- Our clinical programmes and work streams have funded engagement to support their work. For example:
 - Teledermatology clinical network funded an external organisation to conduct 2 focus groups and one to one interviews with the digitally excluded to inform the development of a new portal to support patients to understand skin conditions and take good quality photos.
 - To support the development of Community Diagnostic Centres our acute provider collaborative funded an organisation who specialises in reaching - young people, minority ethnic groups, culturally diverse communities, people with protected characteristics and those who often go unheard – to further understand the experiences of people seeking health/diagnostic services, such as blood tests, urine tests, imaging, endoscopy and pathology.
- Where possible we look to invest in our VCSE sector and Healthwatch to support engagement work drawing on their specialist skills and reach into local communities. For example:
 - To support our covid 19 insight work we developed a grassroots community grant scheme where local organisations could apply for funding (from a collective pot of £160k) to: help extend our reach into seldom heard communities; co-create appropriate and accessible materials for communities and enable culturally authentic conversations and two-way dialogue. This model enabled us to build trust with our local communities, strengthen our relationships with the VCSE sector and hear from people experiencing health inequalities to develop a vaccine service that better meets their needs.

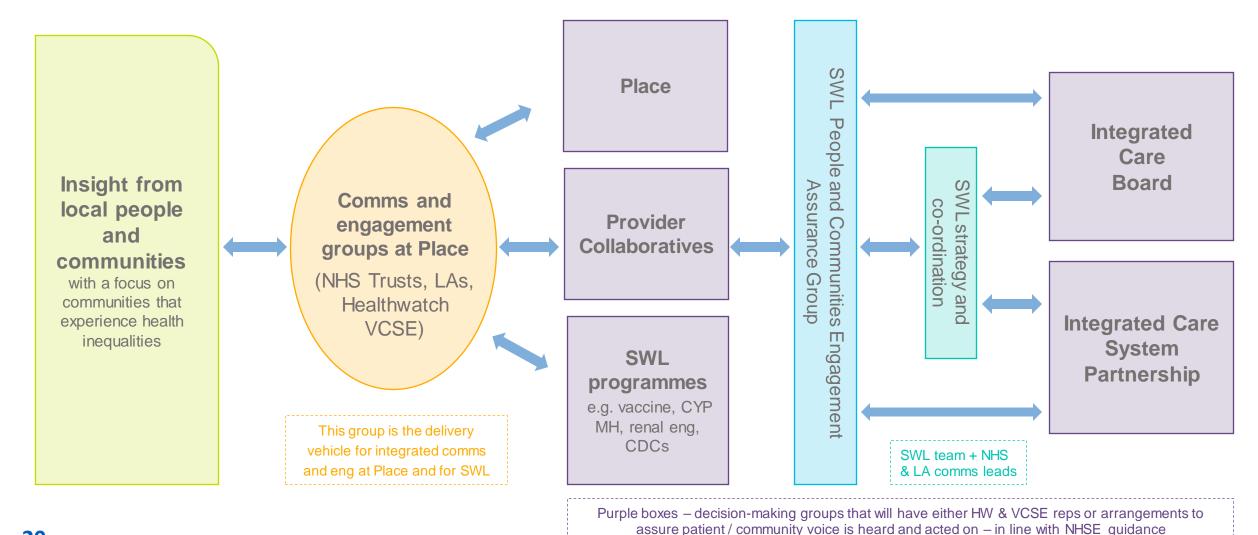
4.3 Engagement team structure





4.4 How we deliver comms & engagement work across south west London





4.5 How we deliver communications & engagement work across SWL – explained



The above diagram shows how we will make sure our **Integrated Care Board** and **Integrated Care Partnership** have the information they need from local people to inform decision making and feel assured that patient voice has been heard.

- Insight from local people and communities the lime green box depicts the sources of all engagement activities/channels (Healthwatch reports, targeted engagement, trust feedback, patient experience data from NHS Trusts, surveys, Business Intelligence data etc). These insights will inform our communication and engagement groups to ensure that the voice of local people is heard. They will also be drawn upon when local and SWL priorities need the insight from local people and communities.
- Borough/Place communication and engagement groups—this orange egg is the delivery group which manages and coordinates work across system and comprises representatives from all partners. It ensures two way dialogue with the three purple boxes—ensuring all are informed and part of process. They will be responsible for ensuring the key groups are aware of the local needs and aspirations emerging from the sources of insight.
- **SWL People and Communities Engagement Assurance Group** provides assurance to the SWL ICB (and reports to ICP) that the legal duty to involve has been met. It will provide advice on engagement plans and activities to ensure they meet best practice and are inclusive of those that are seldom heard, experience health inequalities and/or have protected characteristics. It will review the engagement reports from Place, SWL and Provider Collaboratives before they are submitted to the ICB and ICP.
- SWL strategy and co-ordination comprising communications and engagement colleagues from the NHS and Local Authority to ensure ICB and ICP priorities are fed to relevant groups for consideration and integrated into work plans.



5. People & communities in ICB governance & work-streams

5.1 System wide approach for engagement in governance

5.2 How the ICB will assure itself that its legal duty to involve the public is being met

5.3 Summary of insight and feedback infrastructure and approaches across the system

5.1 System-wide approach for engagement in governance



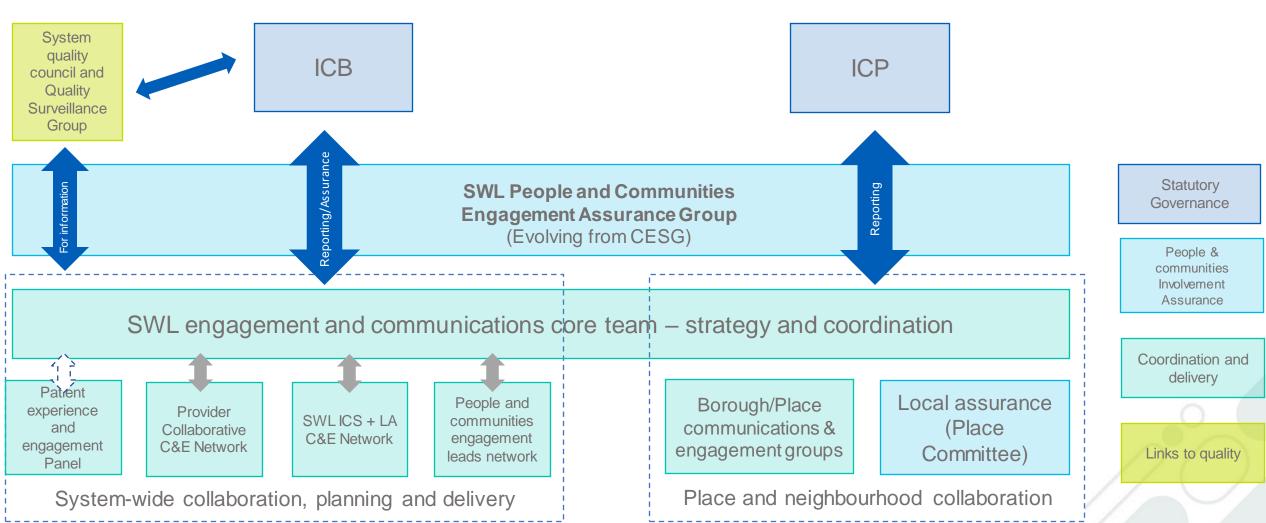
5.1.1 Summary of how the voice of people and communities will be a core part of our ICS governance.

- Our ICB, ICP and System Quality Group will receive regular engagement reports which will outline engagement activities and impact across SWL, Place and within Provider Collaboratives. We have recommended that board report cover sheets include a section on the involvement of people and communities to ensure it is considered within each programme of work.
- The engagement reports will be reviewed by our 'People and Communities Engagement Assurance Group' (PCEAG) before being submitted to both our ICB and ICP
- As the ICB holds formal responsibility for ensuring legal and mandatory guidance is adhered to, our intention is for the Chair of the People and Communities Engagement Assurance Group to be an ICB NEM, in addition to the meetings being attended by the executive director for communications and engagement and programme director for Quality.
- The diagram in the next slide (5.1.2) explains the assurance mechanisms at place and across SWL and how they
 link to the groups that support, coordinate and deliver the work.
- We have developed a model for engagement in our formal subcommittees which ensures each relevant subcommittee has a champion for the voice of local people and communities (5.1.5)
- We will support our SWL work streams to openly recruit people with lived experience, and have developed a
 programme of support and training to ensure individuals are able to meaningfully participate. Bespoke support will
 be given to individuals being asked to conduct specific pieces of work such as linking in with other people with
 lived experience.

5.1.2 People and communities engagement in governance **NHS**



South West London



5.1.3 People and communities engagement in Governance – explained



South West London

- The Integrated Care Board is responsible for ensuring that the public involvement duties have been met
- In order to ensure strong working relationships between engagement and quality, our aim is for the PCEAG and the Patient Engagement and Experience Leads
 Panel to be chaired by the same person. In addition, to ensure coordination between groups and work, our executive director for communications and engagement
 and our Director for Quality will be members of the: Patient Engagement and Experience Leads Panel; SWL People and Communities Engagement Assurance
 Group; System Quality Council and will attend the ICB and ICP board meetings
- System wide work will be guided by:
 - **SWL People and Communities Engagement Leads Network** comprising place based leads for engagement. This network shares best practice across boroughs, supports the local delivery of the engagement strategy and enables the sharing of insight and consistent approaches across the ICS
 - SWL ICS and Local Authority communications and engagement network comprising colleagues from the SWL NHS and local authorities this network iterates our SWL C&E plans, supports the sharing of best practice, brings together insight and maximises reach deep into communities and with their staff
 - SWL ICS and NHS provider communications and engagement network comprising colleagues from the NHS in the ICS and providers, as above, this network iterates our SWL C&E plans, supports the sharing of best practice, brings together insight and maximises reach deep into communities and with their staff
 - **SWL Patient Engagement and Experience Leads Panel** is a new group that will comprise patient experience and engagement leads and quality leads for the NHS system as well as patient safety partners. It aims to ensure that patients, residents and carers are actively involved in how we are shaping, developing and improving the quality of health services in SWL. It will focus on collaboration at scale to improve experiences of care that improve outcomes by triangulating patient experience data and intelligence with wider feedback and insight.
- System wide assurance of our duty to involve
 - The SWL People and Communities Engagement Assurance Group provides assurance to the SWL ICB (reports to ICP and Quality Council) that the duty to involve has been met. It will provide advice on engagement plans and activities to ensure they meet best practice and are inclusive of those that are seldom heard, experience health inequalities and/or have protected characteristics
- Place based work will be guided by:

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- Borough/place communications and engagement groups. These will comprise colleagues from the NHS, LA, Providers, Healthwatch and VCSE sector. And will be the delivery vehicle for integrated communications and engagement at Place and for SWL
- Place based assurance of the duty to involve
 - Assurance for Place based public involvement, including work that is centrally coordinated and locally delivered, will be done by the place based committee.

5.1.4 Model for how the voice of people and communities can be championed in relevant sub-committees South West London

 Each relevant formal subcommittee will have a champion for the voice of people and communities.

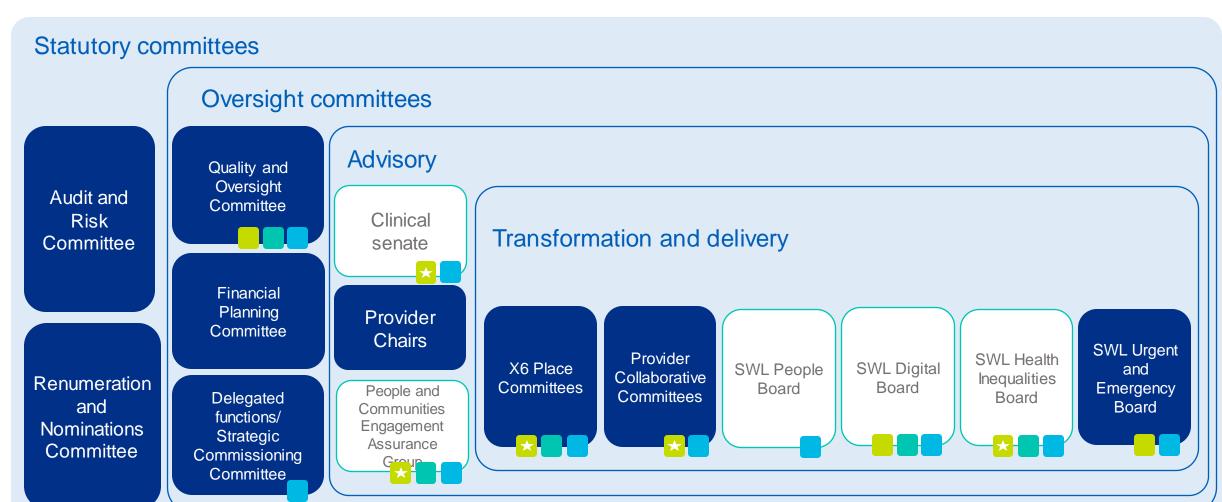
Their role is to:

- flag opportunities for where further engagement could enhance the work
- o escalate issues to C&E team if changes are more significant
- o speak up for or represent patient/public views in relevant discussions
- Options (to be agreed by each sub-committee) -champions will come from one or more of the following:
 - existing member of the committee to have a role in raising patient voice issues for consideration (minimum)
 - openly recruited member of the public with relevant experience/interest (particularly relevant for service specific programmes & workstreams)
 - VCSE alliance member and or Healthwatch organisation, with relevant experience/interest (capacity permitting)
- Training or support provided for all options to support people to fulfil their role

5.1.5 Diagram of how the voice of people and communities will be embedded in each relevant formal sub-committee



South West London



5.2 How the ICB will assure itself that its legal duty to involve the public is being met



5.2.1 Summary of ways the ICB will be assured that the duty to involve has been met:

- The People and Communities Engagement Assurance Group will have a key role in providing assurance to the ICB that the duty to involve has been met. More information about this group can be found in 5.2.2
- The ICB, ICP and Quality Council, will receive regular engagement reports which will outline engagement activities and impact across SWL, Place and within Provider Collaboratives. We recommend that board report cover sheets include a section on the involvement of people and communities to ensure it is considered within each programme of work.
- The SWL Oversight Framework will include an element regarding the voice of people and communities and the legal duty to involve
- Assurance for Place based public involvement, including work that is centrally coordinated and locally delivered, will be done by the place based committee
- Each Trust has a dedicated Patient Experience Committee responsible for reviewing and gaining assurance of how patient experience data and insight is acted on through Trust improvement and transformation initiatives. Oversight is provided through Trust governance systems, including internal assurance, Non-Executive Director led committees and Board.
- Place leaders and the Provider Collaborative leaders will be represented on the ICB.

5.2.2 People and Communities Engagement Assurance Group



Purpose

- Assurance mechanism for SWL level engagement including provider collaboratives.
- Provide assurance to the SWL ICB (and report to ICP) that duty to involve has been met
- Provide advice on engagement plans and activities to ensure they
 meet best practice and are inclusive of those that are seldom heard,
 experience health inequalities and/or have protected characteristics

Role/Focus/Work

- Review and advise on:
 - implementation of people and communities engagement strategy;
 - engagement work plan based on key priorities for ICB;
- · Review and advise on annual engagement submissions to NHS E/I
- Receive engagement reports, before submitted to ICB, to review and feel assured that best practice engagement has been undertaken. Make recommendations for further work where required.

Providing timely updates

 Two way communication between the ICS, Healthwatch and the VCSE will now continue through: dedicated meetings; the VCSE alliance and at borough communications and engagement group meetings

Chair

Our intention is for an ICB NEM to chair the group

Proposed membership

Group/organisation	Proposed representative	
VCSE sector	1 – Member of SWL VCSE alliance	
Healthwatch	1 – SWL Healthwatch role	
Health inequalities	1 – TBC Chair of health inequalities group	
ICS Communications and Engagement Team	2 – SWL Executive director and Head of Engagement for SWL	
Quality	1 – Member of system quality group	
Clinical	1 – Exec medical director or nominee	
Acute Provider Collaborative	2 – APC programme director AND NED or service user/lived experience	
Mental Health Collaborative	2 Collaborative director AND NED or service user/lived experience	
Primary Care	2 – Primary Care rep AND service user/lived experience	
Cancer collaborative	2 – Collab director AND NED or service user/lived experience	
Local Authority	1 – nominated rep TBC	
Total number of members	16	

5.3 Summary of insight and feedback mechanisms across the system to inform priorities and improve services

Local priorities will be set by the place committee. The borough communications and engagement groups will coordinate and manage the delivery of local

Place

Each borough uses a wide range of engagement mechanisms to reach their diverse communities. These include:

engagement activities.

- Broad community engagement working with the voluntary and community sector to hold 'community conversations', to hear and respond to feedback, answer questions and gather insight.
- Community champions and influencers
 Work with key local influencers (faith leaders, community champions, health care professionals, GPs and their practices) to lead and host conversations, building trust and confidence within our diverse communities
- Grassroots grants programme centrally funded and locally delivered, each borough has been delivering a grants programme to improve our reach into health inclusion communities
- Targeted focus groups and one-to-one interviews - focus groups and one to one interviews (for those who are digitally excluded) to understand people's experiences and improve the quality of services such as pathway redesign work

SWL

- System wide priorities are agreed by our ICB and ICP
- Our SWL communications and engagement team discuss how best to resource and deliver the activities, and this approach is taken to the People and Communities Engagement Assurance Group for review.
- Engagement will either be centrally coordinated and conducted at a borough level (using the methodologies outlined in the place column), or specialist organisations are commissioned to deliver on behalf of SWL.
- A key mechanism that is used to inform deeper dives into particular topics, is our **people's panel**.
 Through this virtual group of 3,000 people, who broadly reflect the population of south west London, we run questionnaires and surveys.

Acute Provider Collaborative

- Transformation work and priorities are informed by insight gathered through national surveys.
- This is complemented by a range of other approaches for listening to patient voices – these include Patient Experience, Engagement and Involvement Groups, and patient staff improvement forums. These forums increase involvement and inform decision making in service changes or developments
- 'People's reader panels' are used across the Trusts to support the co-production of patient facing information, policies and strategies and user testing of patient information
- Dedicated Patient Experience teams that support Trusts to gather data, gain insight and use this to improve services. These include: operational delivery of the FFT system; Coordination of national surveys and Trust level responses to the findings of these; Involvement in Trust level strategy, policy and transformation to ensure patient voice insights are fully embedded in our approaches; Leading on work to involve Patient Partners in our governance and safety structures through the national Patient Safety Partner programme; Patient feedback or complaints sent to the Complaints/Compliments service:

- South London Partnership (Mental Health Collaborative)
- The SLP has established process for having service users and carers in each programme partnership group
- The SLP works with each partners service users and reference group to understand and shape priorities
- Each of the partnership committees includes a **real patient story** which shapes the agenda and discussion and forms the basis of improvement actions
- Existing engagement groups across each Trust (e.g. Patient and Carers Forums) are maintained, and linked in with SLP structures
- Working groups are developed as required with membership drawn from relevant partners' service user groups
- Programme dashboards such as Complex Care feature outcome measures that ensure the experience of people using the services are reported

5.3.1 Summary of how we reach people experiencing health inequalities

•	All boroughs have worked across the local partnerships to develop a shared understanding of communities experiencing health inequalities. Data from JSNA, Business Intelligence, Indices of Multiple Deprivation and ongoing engagement have informed the development of local maps which highlight those groups who live in areas of multiple deprivation and identify communities of focus who experience health inequalities.

Place

- Health inequalities has also been prioritised within local health and care plans and other work programmes
- Engagement is done alongside teams and groups/individuals who have trusted relationships with communities and population groups; using diverse methodologies including – health and community champions, local influencers, partnership with VCSE.
- Where possible, Place will invest in community capacity to deliver

SWL

- Much engagement on SWL priorities is done through Place.
- Where work is commissioned at a SWL level we work with specialist organisations who have experience of reaching our target groups.
- To ensure we speak to people
 who reflect our diverse
 communities and experience
 health inequalities, we use
 incentives to encourage people to
 attend focus groups, promoting
 them through culturally
 appropriate channels and
 contacts, and via paid media.
- We conduct on street recruitment when holding large scale events, to ensure we speak to reflective samples of our local populations.

Provider Collaboratives

- Close work with borough communications and engagement to share insights, channels and plan activity at a place and provider level to reach and involve diverse communities (eg COVID vaccine)
- Linked with place engagement to build relationships and widen reach with community leaders / groups in local neighbourhoods and established outreach work (ie Council and CCG community networks)
- Systems for collecting patient experience insights are inclusive (offering access to people with a range of accessibility needs).
- Trusts' Patient Experience
 Teams offer a range of tools
 and approaches to support
 specialities and departments to
 hear their patients' voice (e.g.
 via local surveys, support for
 engagement events or focus

- South London Partnership (Mental Health Collaborative)
- Mental health trusts have led South London Listens a community engagement programme which has sought feedback from around 6000 members of the community. The community's 'asks' are shaping much of our work around health inequalities.
- Each partner has a number workstreams looking at health inequalities including Ethnicity and Mental Health Improvement Project (EMHIP)
- Well established links with community organisations, healthwatch and VCO groups through regular engagement forums shape our work on this.
- The SLP Forensic Programme has appointed a specific Equalities Lead to support the development of new community-based services as an alternative to inpatient care. This model of improving health inequalities is being evaluated and is likely to be shared further.

5.3.2 Summary of how these mechanisms, for patient voice, connect into governance and decision making

into governance and decision making						
Place	SWL	Provider Collaboratives	South London Partnership (Mental Health Collaborative)			
 Sources of local insight, from across all mechanisms, will feed into the borough communications and engagement groups The chair of the borough C&E group (place lead for communications and engagement) will sit on the place committee to ensure that the work of the group informs decision making. Questions about what engagement and quality/equality impact assessments have been undertaken and how they have informed decision making are included in all governance papers. Healthwatch and VCSE are represented on place committee/leaders group and on Health and Wellbeing Boards – feeding into priority setting and decision making. Community voice and lived experience built into work programmes. 	 Regular engagement reports detailing the engagement activities across the system, and their impact are reviewed by the People and Communities Engagement Assurance group before being submitted to the ICP and ICP. Each formal sub-committee has a champion for community engagement and whose role includes ensuring that the committee consider relevant insight work when taking decisions. 	 Through service transformation groups, informing priorities, decisions and delivery Oversight through Trust governance systems, including internal assurance, Non-Executive Director led committees and Board Each Trust has a dedicated Patient Experience Committee dedicated to reviewing and gaining assurance of how patient experience data and insight is acted on through Trust improvement and transformation initiatives. Feedback from patient surveys, complaints and PALS are collated and analysed by the patient experience and quality teams, and reported to the Board. 	 Under SLP the Head of Quality is responsible for all quality governance including patient experience. Each Programme (via PPG) receives quality reports and feedback from service users. Programme partnership groups are part of the formal SLP governance – to Portfolio Board and on to Partnership Committees. Programme Partnership Groups have representatives from SW and SE London CCGs The SLP Partnership Committee consists of non-executive and executive members with input from service user and carers groups The value of beginning SLP Partnership Committee with a patient story has enabled real experiences to be prioritised and led to 'you said we did' improvements 			

5.3.3 Summary of how we work at neighbourhood level

How Place connects with Primary Care Networks, PPGs and neighbourhood teams to: work with people and communities to strengthen health prevention and treatment and to understand needs and design solutions

Each place has developed strong connections to primary care networks and PPGs, strengthening local work around prevention and understanding of need by:

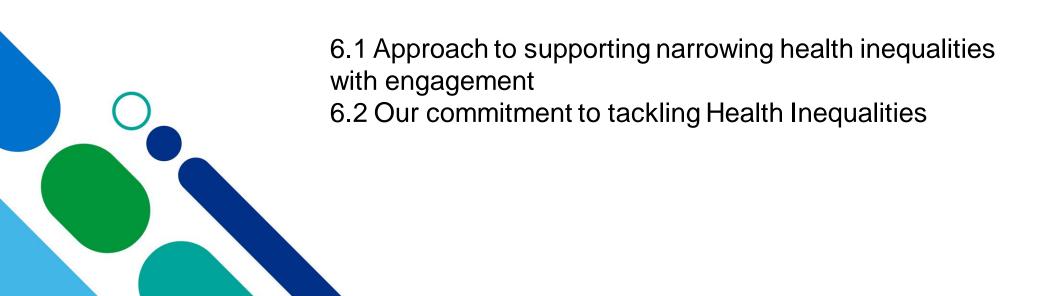
- Developing strong community led engagement channels and activities by working in partnership with local councils and VCSE.
- Linking in with PPGs and regularly attending PRG meetings
- Working closely with social prescribers
- Building on networks of community/health champions to reach more deeply into local communities

How Place creates the right conditions for volunteering and social action that support health and wellbeing

- Local investment in VCSE through community grants and other initiatives
- Funding to local CVSs to enable them to release capacity to further work to establish the SWL VCSE alliance
- Look to collaborate on funding/grants to community and voluntary sector across health and LA
- Ensure partners support collaborative spaces for open dialogue, social investment, and action and build upon current programmes in progress



6. Achieving health equity



6.1 Approach to narrowing health inequalities with engagement South West London

We know there are unjustifiable differences in outcomes for people who experience health inequalities. Our Core20plus5 work has supported our understanding of people we need to reach in order to progress our work to achieving health equity. We will actively seek out affected communities and understand their current situation and past histories.

Slide 31 details how, as a system, we identify and engage with people who experience health inequalities. Further details about which communities are most affected in each borough, and how we reach them can be found in the appendices.

As set out in the ICS implementation guidance for working with people and communities, we will do the following to narrow the health inequalities across SWL.

- Prioritise building relationships with people who are excluded from services or for whom services are not meeting their care and support needs, and who have the poorest experience and outcomes. This will help counter the 'inverse care law' which highlights that disadvantaged populations need more healthcare than advantaged populations but tend to receive less.
- Take the opportunities presented by collaboration to **mobilise the strengths and experience of all partners**: build and strengthen relationships with people and communities who experience inequalities, and tackle agreed inequalities targets.
- Involve people in agreeing targets for reducing health inequalities, to help ensure that they are appropriate, and monitor and evaluate how we have achieved our intended purpose.
- Work with the VCSE sector as an essential partner in tackling inequalities.
- Build trust with local communities for local decision-making and local leadership through transparency supported by clear communications.
- Keep developing our skills, channels and capabilities for giving clear information and facts so our citizens can make informed decisions. Improving how we give particular communities bespoke information, and use different channels for different cohorts within communities.
- Build on the community mobilisation and reciprocity demonstrated during COVID-19 in supporting vulnerable community members and increasing vaccine take-up. Transfer the learning to other priority areas, e.g. tackling the backlog of care or accelerating cancer diagnosis.
- Use **population health management approaches** to better understand local population needs and demonstrate how these impact on future commissioning and service delivery
- •35 udit, monitor, and when necessary seek the participation of equalities protected groups and groups and communities who experience inequalities, e.g. in events, surveys and formal governance roles.

6.2 Our commitment to tackling Health Inequalities

ICB System Board & Delivery Group

We have developed and created a space that allows leaders and organisations from across our system to come together to focus on inequity (using the learning from COVID-19) and fighting for fairer health and care for all

Place based work

We have invested in a number of programmes led by the Community and Voluntary Care Sector that target our most deprived communities through proactive support, advocacy, prevention and community connections

People and Communities

Core20PLUS5 & its relationship with Population Health Management

We are working towards using data relating to health outcomes, plus local insight, to inform the allocation of resources to the areas of our population that have the greatest need. Starting with the CORE20PLUS5 programme

Asset Based Community Development

We use the ABCD methodology to educate and empower the most vulnerable people in our communities regarding their health. We co-produce and co-deliver culturally sensitive health checks and prevention programmes in local communities.



7. What we do to ensure the information we provide is accessible to all



7.2 What we do to make sure our website is accessible

7.1 Providing clear and accessible information



South West London

We believe that providing accessible information will help to improve access to services, promote social inclusion and enable people to make more informed choices about their care. Providing accessible information is one of the ways that we reduce health inequalities

How we communicate in an clear and accessible way:

- Always use plain English
- Co-design culturally appropriate messages with local people and communities
- Use different ways to speak to people: in person; via social media; in newsletters; via direct email; through text messages
- Provide translations and alternative formats, including Easy Read, for specific audiences
- Always offer to provide information in alternative formats
- Offer and provide interpreters, language and BSL, for face to face or virtual engagement sessions

Plain English training and accessibility training are part of core modules provided to our communications and engagement team

How we keep local people, communities and stakeholders **regularly informed** about our work:

- SWL message from Millie and Sarah to SWL staff, partners and, stakeholders and PPE contacts
- Borough stakeholder updates from Place Based Leaders for Health to borough staff, partners, stakeholders and PPE contacts
- From 1 July 2022, meetings of the ICP and ICB will both be available to view on MS Teams, papers and meeting dates will be available in advance
- We issue regular media releases and work with local media that can be found on our NHS South West London website
- Local people can also follow our social media channels to be kept up to date with developments

7.2 What we do to make sure our website is accessible



- We are developing websites for the ICB and ICS, and accessibility is at the heart of the design. These will be launched on 1 July 2022.
- Current <u>accessibility regulations</u> say that public sector websites must meet at least level AA of the <u>Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG 2.1)</u> and aim for AAA where possible
- All content must be accessible to everyone who needs it if it isn't we may be breaking the <u>2010 Equality Act</u>
- Everything we publish must be in a format that the public, and in particular people with low health literacy, can access and understand easily. This means we:
 - Use plain English and do research to find out which words work best for our audience.
 - Aim for a reading age of 9 to 11 years old or, when it comes to medical information, 11 to 14 years old.
 - Avoid medical jargon and technical terms or explain them in simple terms if we have to use them.
 - Use the same style for all our audiences, including specialist audiences like health professionals.
 - Organise content based around the information needs of the user, not the structure of our organisations.
 - Avoid using PDFs which aren't accessible to everyone and publish information in HTML webpages instead.
 - Manually check our content regularly using the most common accessibility checkers.
 - Make sure our content works on the most commonly used assistive technologies including screen magnifiers.
 - Design our websites and content for mobile devices first the most common device people use to access our content.
 - Use a high contrast colour palette in our design to make sure people can read what's on the screen.
 - Only use images where it helps someone to understand the information not for decorative purposes and always include 'alt tags' a text description of the image so that those using text readers are read the description of what a viewer sees
- We follow the principles and guidance published in the NHS Digital Service Manual, published to ensure that all NHS organisations build consistent, usable services that put people first.
- We're using a design framework that has been developed to meet the latest accessibility guidance, and accessibility testing is embedded in the development cycle.



8. How we will work with Healthwatch and VCSE sector



9. How we work with Healthwatch and VCSE sector



South West London

Healthwatch and the VCSE sector are valued partners in our system. Below provides an overview of how we work together to make sure local people have access to the best health and care possible:

Governance and influence

Healthwatch and the VCSE sector (including the SWL VCSE alliance) have a seat on key governance groups at Place and SWL levels – including the ICP. To further support this we are finalising what funding can be given to the VCSE sector and Healthwatch to enable working and collaborating together at SWL level as we are aware their focus is primarily, and rightly, at Place level.

Assurance and 'critical friend' challenge

• Healthwatch and the VCSE sector are key members of our assurance groups and mechanisms at SWL and Place levels—providing 'critical friend' challenge to our plans and activities

Two way communication

• We will ensure that we have regular meetings with Healthwatch colleagues and the VCSE, in addition to meetings at Place, to provide two way communication between the ICS and their work and to give early sight of key programmes of work and upcoming priorities – enabling due consideration and input.

Reach and insight

- Recognising their skills and significant reach into local communities, we will look for opportunities to commission local
 Healthwatch organisations to conduct specific pieces of engagement work to support our ICB and ICP priorities, subject to their
 priorities and capacity
- We will seek opportunities to invest in community led approaches to engagement that benefit from the evidenced and extensive reach that our VCSE has with local people and communities, including those who experience health inequalities.



9. Engaging on the priorities of the ICB



9. Engaging on the priorities of the ICB



ICS priorities are still in development, and we plan to prioritise our engagement efforts on supporting the delivery of the small number jointly agreed at system priorities to ensure these are informed and implemented with evidence of what matters most to local people particularly those that experience health inequalities. However, drawing on our local health and care plans, and from the 2022/23 planning guidance, we know that our engagement work will include focus on the following:

- Achieving health equity. Current initiatives include: insight work to understand the challenges facing people who experience health inequalities to ensure that our interventions are targeting, and measuring, what is important to local people; supporting our core20 connectors work; and working with colleagues in maternity to coproduce interventions to deliver equitable services improving the outcomes for our local people.
- Continuing to engage and build on the priorities within each of the Place health and care plans
- Supporting the covid 19 vaccination programme and childhood immunisations programmes through understanding the views
 of people living in low uptake areas and communities especially those experiencing health inequalities and new cohorts of eligible
 people
- Using feedback and insight with local people to reduce the pressure on urgent and emergency care services, especially over
 winter and in summer months, by supporting insight-led behaviour change campaigns e.g. using pharmacies, mental health crisis
 and IAPT services, 111 etc
- Delivering more elective care by gaining insight into people experiences of services and views of improved models of care such as Community Diagnostic Centres
- Improving access to **mental health services**. Current work includes: understanding the experiences of people with Severe Mental Illness to gather views annual physical health checks feeding into the SWLSMI improvement programme; seeking insight from local people and communities about prevention and early intervention to inform our SWL Mental Health strategy.
- Supporting our approach to Population Health Management programmes ensuring that local insight is triangulated with data and analytics to inform service redesign work
- Improving access to **primary care** by working closely with colleagues at a neighbourhood and PCN level, including PPGs, to understand the experiences of local people.



10. Monitoring and evaluating the strategy



10. Monitoring and evaluating the strategy



South West London

We will put in place the following measures to monitor and help evaluate whether we are delivering against what is set out in this strategy.

We will:

- Systematically produce engagement reports that detail engagement activities across the ICS. These will be reviewed by our People and Communities Engagement Assurance Group and submitted to our ICB and ICP on a regular basis
- Evaluate the success and impact of our engagement activities by using our evaluation framework (evolution of CCG framework)
- Seek feedback from people and communities about our engagement activities using different evaluation methodologies (e.g. real time polls, survey work)
- Produce regular You Said, We Did reports and ensure we feedback to the people who shared their views with us – these will be published on our website as well as directly communicated to those involved
- Include questions around engagement in our perception audits for stakeholders
- Be assessed by the ICB and NHS England in the annual compliance report



Appendices

- 1. Core20 populations for South West London
- 2. What do we mean by 'insight from local people and communities'
- 3. How we engage with communities that experience health inequalities in each borough



Where are our Core20 population of 340k located?



Main features of population:

Ham, Petersham and Richmond Riverside (2K) Older population. Significant White British population.

- Beverley (2K) More school and young working aged population. More of the Asian & Mixed ethnicities.
- Berrylands (2K) More young working age population. More of the Arab/Middle Eastern ethnicities.

 Sutton Central (6K) Significant school aged population. Deprivation in housing, income & environment. Significantly more South Asian & Chinese ethnicities.

Opportunity for change KEY: High Medium Low

KINGSTON

Queenstown (9K) Young adult to working age Population Density population (15-44). Significantly more Black & Chinese ethnicities. Barriers to housing and living environments **RICHMOND** Latchmere (14K) Younger working age population. More Black ethnicities. Barriers to housing WANDSWORTH **East Merton** (29K) Deprivation in housing and environment. Significant school aged and older working age (44-64) population. Ethnically diverse.

> MERTON CROYDON

> > Croydon North (89K) School and working aged population. Significantly more Black & Asian ethnicities. Barriers to housing.

Addington (24k) High school aged population. Very high deprivation driven by income, employment, education and barriers to housing. Significantly White British and Black African

 St Helier & Wandle Valley (14K) More school & retirement aged population. Significantly more White British and Eastern European ethnicities.

Fairfield (21k) Young adult to working age (15-44), adversity in living environment, housing & crime. Significant Indian ethnicities.

SUTTON



Core20

(339k population)



NHS

(1.35m population)



3 64 70 **Healthy Life Expectancy**

82 84 **Life Expectancy**



Median

Ethnicity

16% 14% **Asian ************

2 in 10 are in C20

24% **7**% Black **ተተተተ**ተተተተ

4.5 in 10 are in C20



12% **11**% Other **************

2 in 10 are in C20



1.5 in 10 are in C20

Borough

50% of C20 population are **Croydon** residents.

40% of Croydon residents are in C20



In contrast, only 4% of residents in

Richmond and **2%** in **Kingston** are in C20

Long-Term Conditions

29.5%

have a Long-term Condition



28.6%

have a Long-term Condition

Appendix 2 – what do we mean by 'insight from local people and communities'

Borough patient engagement groups e.g. Thinking Partners, Community Involvement Group, Patient Engagement Group **Healthwatch**Reports, Surveys
Feedback

Local authority
Citizen forums

and feedback

and MPs

unions

SWL Citizen's panel

Media and social media Twitter feeds Facebook groups etc local and national coverage

Business intelligence data

Primary care - Patient participation groups and patient

groups and patient reference groups, GP surveys

NHS Providers

Patient experience data, PALS, Friends and Family, complaints etc

Voluntary community social enterprise sector Insight and feedback

Continuous outreach with local communities

Public representatives dialogue with councillors

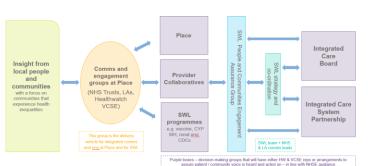
Staff feedback including provider, local authorities, primary care and trade

Project specific engagement work e.g. CDH, Renal

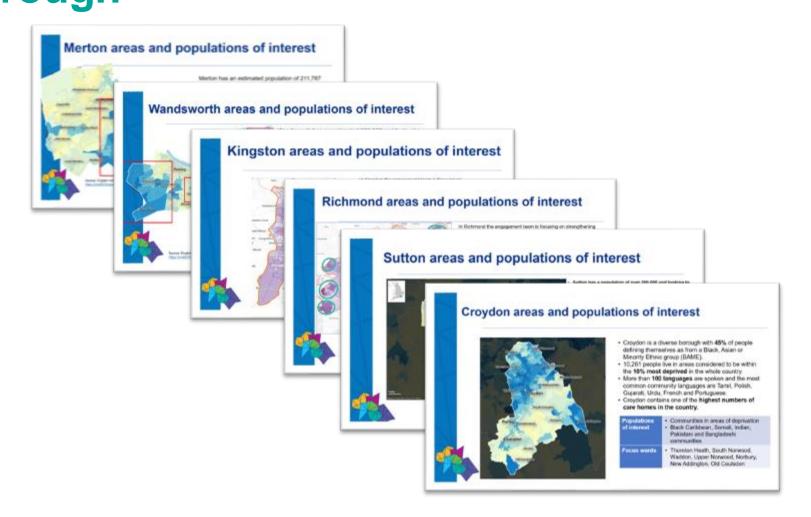
FT Governors, NEDs, Lay Members Insight from local people and communities

with a focus on communities that experience health inequalities 4.4 How we deliver comms & engagement work across south west London

South West London



Appendix 3 – how we engage with communities that experience health inequalities in each borough





Successful engagement is dependent on understanding our diverse populations.

We prioritise holding conversations with communities who experience health inequalities and have worse health outcomes.

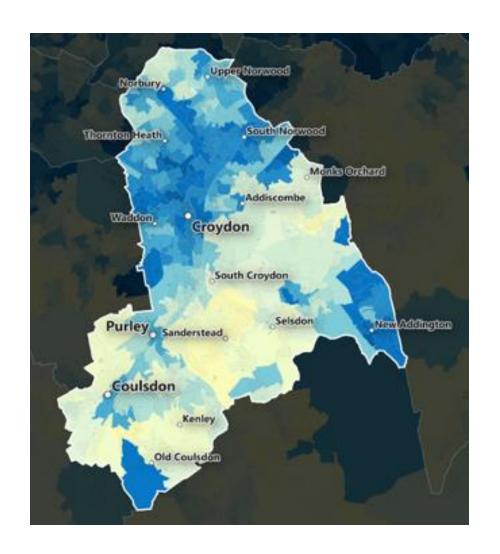
Informed by EHIAs, JSNAs and local insight, each borough has worked with local authority leads and VCSE partners to develop a map of key areas/communities to focus on.

IMD data was overlaid with information about health inequalities including identifying communities from Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic backgrounds.

Croydon areas and populations of interest



South West London



- Croydon is a diverse borough with 45% of people defining themselves as from a Black, Asian or Minority Ethnic group (BAME).
- 10,261 people live in areas considered to be within the **10% most deprived** in the whole country.
- More than 100 languages are spoken and the most common community languages are Tamil, Polish, Gujarati, Urdu, French and Portuguese.
- Croydon contains one of the highest numbers of care homes in the country.

Populations of interest	 Communities in areas of deprivation Black Caribbean, Somali, Indian, Pakistani and Bangladeshi communities
Focus wards	 Thornton Heath, South Norwood, Waddon, Upper Norwood, Norbury, New Addington, Old Coulsdon

Channels to reach borough populations of interest in Croydon

Borough	Highlighted Populations of interest	Key organisations/Influencers	Channels we use to communicate and engage e.g. Facebook	Reach
Croydon	Communities in areas of deprivation (Thornton Heath, South Norwood, Waddon, Upper Norwood, Norbury, New Addington, Old Coulsdon)	 Croydon Participation Network Residents Association Just be Link workers Food banks / soup kitchens / nightstop Neighbourhood Watch Personal Independence Coordinators Covid Information Officers CVA 'ask me' team One Croydon Service users and carers group Palace for Life Covid Champions Faith's Together Croydon EMHIP Thornton Heath Community Action Trust 	 Email Covid whatsapp group Facebook groups Twitter Tiktok Instagram Next Door Face to Face – attending events in the area, information stalls at bump spots etc. Leaflets Council newsletters Letters / emails through local schools 	20,000 95 + shares Varies Varies Varies 4,000 Varies Varies 80,000 Varies
	Black Caribbean communities	 Ministry of Empowerment Croydon Welderlies Croydon BME Forum Local businesses e.g. barbers Link workers Personal Independence Coordinators Covid Information Officers CVA 'ask me team Palace for Life CHS / council BAME Staff network Covid Champions New Life Croydon Masked Men The Amen Project Faith's Together Croydon EMHIP 	 Email Covid whatsapp group Facebook Tiktok Instagram Next Door Face to Face – attending community events, information stalls at bump spots etc. Leaflets Council newsletters Letters / emails through local schools 	20,000 95 + shares Varies Varies Varies Varies 4,000 Varies Varies 80,000 Varies

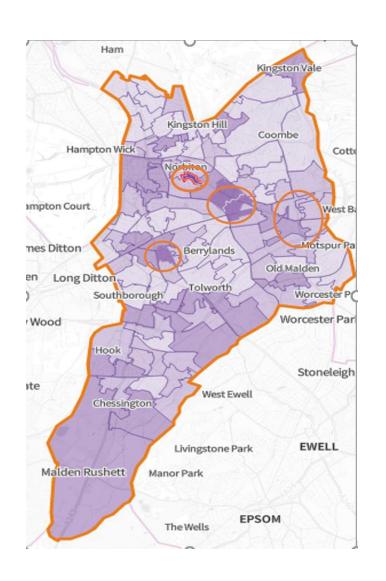
Borough	Highlighted Populations of interest	Key organisations/Influencers	Channels we use to communicate and engage e.g. Facebook	Reach
	Black African communities	 His Grace Evangelical Church Trinity Oasis Baptist Church Palace for Life CHS / council BAME Staff network Covid Champions The Amen Project Masked Men Young at Heart Group Croydon Wellderlies Health Champions Faith's Together Croydon EMHIP Croydon Tabernacle Church 	 Email Covid whatsapp group Facebook groups Twitter Tiktok Instagram Next Door Face to Face – attending events in the area, information stalls at bump spots etc. Leaflets Council newsletters Letters / emails through local schools 	20,000 95 + shares Varies Varies Varies Varies 4,000 Varies Varies 80,000 Varies
Croydon	Indian communities	 Asian Resource Centre of Croydon Purley Mosque Croydon Mosque Palace for Life CHS / council BAME Staff network (over 70% local residents) Covid Champions Masked Men Health Champions Faith's Together Croydon EMHIP Tamil Help Line Dialogue Society Sakthy Ghanapathy Temple 	 Email Covid whatsapp group Facebook groups Twitter Tiktok Instagram Next Door Face to Face – attending events in the area, information stalls at bump spots etc. Leaflets Council newsletters Letters / emails through local schools 	20,000 95 + shares Varies Varies Varies Varies 4,000 Varies Varies 80,000 Varies

Borough	Highlighted Populations of interest	Key organisations/Influencers	Channels we use to communicate and engage e.g. Facebook	Reach
	Bangladeshi community	 Asian Resource Centre of Croydon Purley Mosque Croydon Mosque Palace for Life CHS / council BAME Staff network Cllr Kabir's network Masked Men Covid Champions Health Champions Faith's Together Croydon EMHIP Dialogue Society 	 Email Covid whatsapp group Facebook groups Twitter Tiktok Instagram Next Door Face to Face – attending events in the area, information stalls at bump spots etc. Leaflets Council newsletters Letters / emails through local schools 	20,000 95 + shares Varies Varies Varies Varies 4,000 Varies Varies 80,000 Varies
Croydon	Pakistani communities	 Asian Resource Centre of Croydon Purley Mosque Croydon Mosque Palace for Life CHS / council BAME Staff network (over 70% local residents Masked Men Covid Champions Health Champions Faith's Together Croydon EMHIP Dialogue Society 	 Email Covid whatsapp group Facebook groups Twitter Tiktok Instagram Next Door Face to Face – attending events in the area, information stalls at bump spots etc. Leaflets Council newsletters Letters / emails through local schools 	20,000 95 + shares Varies Varies Varies Varies 4,000 Varies Varies 80,000 Varies

Kingston areas and populations of interest



South West London



There are approximately 176,000 people living in Kingston – a relatively small population compared to other London boroughs. 69% of residents are white, 20% from an Asian background, 5% from a mixed ethic background, 3.1% from a black background. Kingston has a relatively young population with a median age of 36.2 – however there are a considerable number of residents living into their 90s.

There are pockets of significant deprivation, as well as very affluent areas.

Highlighted populations of interest	 Those with the worst health outcomes/life expectancy e.g. learning disability and mental health Communities in areas of deprivation Korean community - New Malden Travellers
Focus wards	Norbiton – Cambridge Road estate Beverley – Potters Grove/California Rd area Berrylands – Alpha Road estate

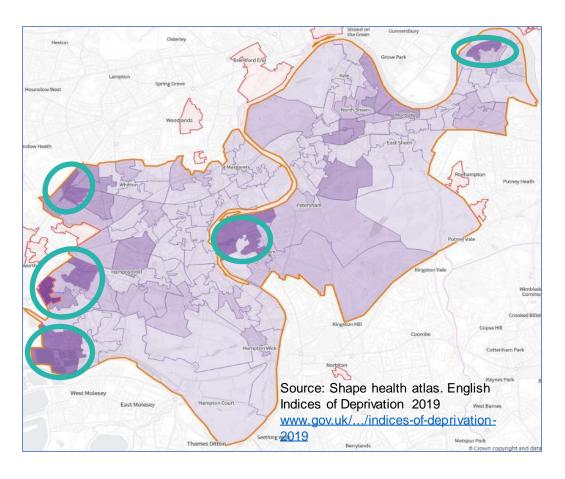
Channels to reach borough populations of interest in **Kingston**

Borough	Highlighted Populations of interest	Key organisations/Influencers	Channels we use to communicate and engage e.g. Facebook	Reach
Kingston	Communities in areas of deprivation (Norbiton – Cambridge Road Estate, Beverley – Potters Grove/California Road, Berrylands – Alpha Road Estate	 Kingston Voluntary Action Council's community engagement team RBK housing officers, neighbourhood communities teams RBK community champions Children's centres and Kingston Welcare Residents Associations Local community associations and centres PCN social prescribing link workers Food banks 	Work with and alongside organisations/groups listed. Where appropriate join their forums/activities and use their communication channels, e.g. regular email outs; newsletters. Leaflets and attendance at food banks. Community champions Whatsapp groups	TBC
	Black & minority ethnic communities Korean Community	 RBK PH community engagement team (focus on health inequalities) RBK community champions Kingston Inter-faith forum Kingston Mosque Kingston BME forum Kingston Migrant Advocacy Service Refugee Action Kingston LEAH Milaap Centre Korean community – Nanoon, Korean Residents Society, Connect North Korea Kingston Muslim Women's Association & Islamic resource centre 	 Korean community – via community influencers, schools, Korean businesses & shops in New Malden Work with and alongside organisations/groups listed. Where appropriate join their forums/activities and use their communication channels, e.g. regular email outs; newsletters. Social media (twitter, facebook) Community champions Whatsapp groups 	TBC
	Travellers	 RBK PH community engagement team Surrey Community Action (work with Swallow Park travellers site in Kingston) 	Work with and alongside organisations/groups listed. Where appropriate join their forums/activities and use their communication channels, e.g. regular email outs; newsletters	TBC
	Those with worst health outcomes/life expectancy e.g. Mental Health, Learning disabilities	 RBK PH community engagement team (focus on health inequalities) Homeless – Kingston Churches Action Against Homelessness, SPEAR Kingston Mencap TAG Youth Club ADHD Kingston & Richmond Your Healthcare Kingston MIND 	Work with and alongside organisations/groups listed. Where appropriate join their forums/activities and use their communication channels, e.g. regular email outs; newsletters.	TBC

Richmond areas and populations of interest



South West London



In Richmond the engagement team is focusing on strengthening connections with formal and informal leaders in our populations of interest.

Recently this outreach has included organising winter conversations in partnership with local clinicians, and community groups to talk to residents about what matters to them

Winter conversations are also providing support to NHS is Still Here for You, Flu, and Think 111 First campaigns and is gathering valuable insight to inform the COVID-19 vaccination campaign.

Highlighted
populations of
interest

- Those with the worst health outcomes/life expectancy e.g. learning disability, mental health (and unpaid carers)
- Communities in areas of relative deprivation
- Polish, Punjabi and Farsi speaking communities and Gypsy, Roma & Traveller community

Areas of interest

Areas in Hampton North, Ham, Heathfield, Mortlake and Barnes Common, and Whitton

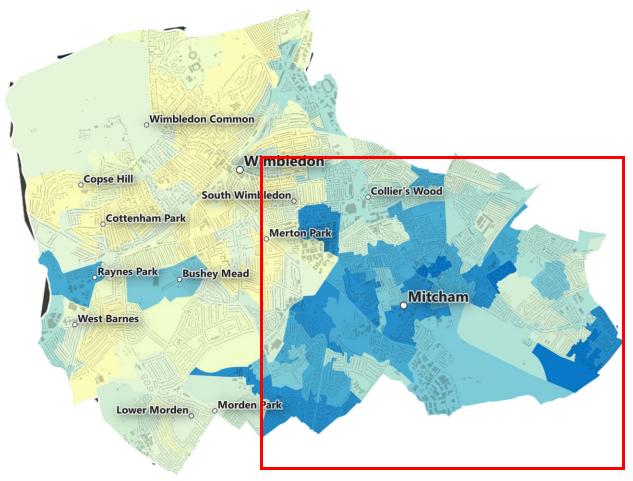
Channels to reach borough populations of interest in **Richmond**

lighlighted Populations of interest	Key organisations/Influencers	Channels we use to communicate and engage e.g. Facebook	Reach
Communities in areas of relative deprivation in Hampton North, Ham, Heathfield, Mortlake and Barnes Common, and Whitton	 LBRuT's community engagement team and neighbourhood forums Children's centres and Homestart PCN social prescribing team Neighbourhood Care Groups e.g. Ham & Petersham SOS Local community groups and centres e.g. Castlenau Community Centre, Whitton Community Association Food banks Housing associations, tenant champions and residents associations 	Work with and alongside organisations/groups listed. Where appropriate join their forums/activities and use their communication channels, e.g. regular email outs; newsletters.	
Those with the worst health outcomes/life expectancy e.g. learning disability, mental nealth (and unpaid carers)	 Richmond Mencap & The Working Together Group True Access and TAG Youth Club ADHD Kingston & Richmond Your Healthcare Learning Disability partnership board Spear and The Vineyard Richmond Carers Centre & Carers Hub Crossroads Care & The Carers Café Richmond parent carer forum Mind 	Work with and alongside organisations/groups listed. Where appropriate join their forums/activities and use their communication channels, e.g. regular email outs; newsletters.	
Black and ethnic minority communities: Polish Communities Punjabi speaking communities Farsi speaking communities	 Multicultural Richmond LEAH (Learn English at Home) Richmond EAL Richmond Inter-faith forum Kingston Mosque (exploring similar in Hounslow) Richmond Council's community engagement team (local businesses and groups) Black and ethnic community groups and networks in Kingston (exploring similar in Hounslow) Explore contacts with Catholic churches and across boroughs for Polish speaking community. Healthwatch Richmond 	Work with and alongside organisations/groups listed. Where appropriate join their forums/activities and use their communication channels, e.g. regular email outs; newsletters.	
Gypsy, Roma & Traveller communities	Richmond Housing Partnership	Face to face working with RHP support worker	
The example of the ex	ommunities in areas of relative eprivation in Hampton North, Ham, eathfield, Mortlake and Barnes ommon, and Whitton alose with the worst health outcomes/life expectancy e.g. learning disability, mental ealth (and unpaid carers) ack and ethnic minority communities: olish Communities unjabi speaking communities arsi speaking communities	Demmunities in areas of relative privation in Hampton North, Ham, eathfield, Mortlake and Barnes permonn, and Whitton Barthield, Mortlake and Homestart Barthield, Mortlake and Barnes permonn, and Whitton Barthield, Mortlake and Homestart Barthield,	mmunities in areas of relative privation in Hampton North, Ham, pathfield, Morttake and Barnes privation in Hampton North, Ham, pathfield, Morttake and Barnes privation in Hampton North, Ham, pathfield, Morttake and Barnes privation in Hampton North, Ham, pathfield, Morttake and Barnes privation in Hampton North, Ham, pathfield, Morttake and Barnes privation in Hampton North, Ham, pathfield, Morttake and Barnes privation in Hampton North, Ham, pathfield, Morttake and Barnes privation in Hampton North, Ham, pathfield, Morttake and Barnes privation in Hampton North, Ham, pathfield, Morttake and Barnes privation in Hampton North, Ham, pathfield, Morttake and Barnes privation in Hampton North, Ham, pathfield, Morttake and Barnes privation in Hampton North, Ham, pathfield, Morttake and Barnes privation in Hampton North, Ham, pathfield, Morttake and Barnes privation in Hampton North, Ham, pathfield, Morttake and Barnes privation in Hampton North, Ham, pathfield, Morttake and Barnes privation in Hampton North, Ham, pathfield, Morttake and Les Himiting founds associations provided in Hampton North, Ham, pathfield, Morttake and Les Himiting founds associations provided in Hampton North, Ham, pathfield, Morttake and Les Himiting forums/activities and use their communication channels, e.g. regular email outs; newsletters. PCN Richmond Cares North Nor

Merton areas and populations of interest



South West London



Source: English Indices of Deprivation https://imd2019.group.shef.ac.uk/ last accessed 10/09/2020

Merton has an estimated population of 211,787 residents. Significant social inequalities exist within Merton. The eastern half has a younger, poorer and more ethnically mixed population, with more areas of high deprivation. The western half is whiter, older, and richer.

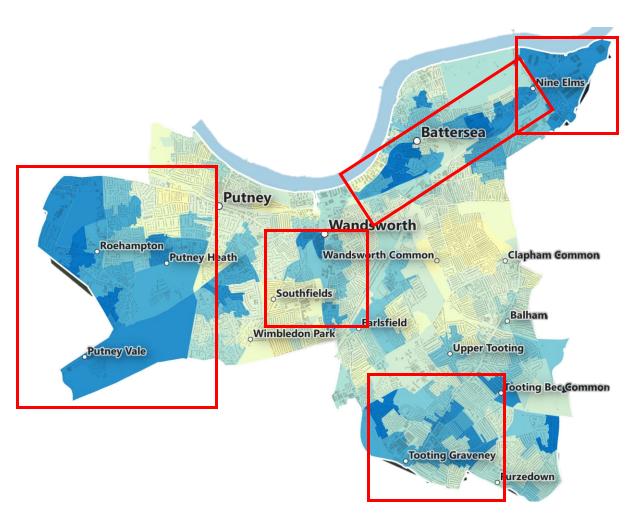
Populations of interest	 Communities in areas of deprivation Communities with Ghanaian, Polish, Somali, Tamil, Gypsy, Roma and Traveller backgrounds
Focus wards	 East Merton; esp. Figges Marsh, Pollards Hill, Lavender Fields, St Helier. Gypsy, Roma and Traveller population in Wimbledon Park.

Channels to reach borough populations of interest in **Merton**

Borough	Highlighted Populations of interest	Key organisations/Influencers	How we communicate e.g. channels	Reach
	Communities in areas of deprivation (East Merton – Figges Marsh, Pollards Hill, Lavender Fields, St Helier)	 Merton Connected Polish Family Association BAME Voice Ethnic Minority Centre Merton COVID-19 Champions Focus 4 One Merton Carers Power Centre Food Bank 	Email, community connectors, information sessions, newsletters Champions – face-to-face conversations, social media	~ 8,000
	Gypsy, Roma and Traveller Population	Merton Local AuthorityFriends & Families of Travellers	Community connectors/meetings	TBC
Merton	Ghanaian Communities	Faith and Belief ForumSedina Agama	Community connectors	TBC
	Polish Communities	Polish Family Association	Email, Facebook	
	Somali Communities	 Joint Consultative Committee: Ethnic Minorities Faith and Belief Forum Good Goal Relief Somali CIC 	Leaflets, social media community connectors	~3000
	Tamil Communities	 Shree Ganapathy Temple Tamil Welfare Association Joint Consultative Committee: Ethnic Minorities 	Leaflets, newsletters social media	~ 500

Wandsworth areas and populations of interest





Wandsworth has an estimated 328,828 residents, the second highest in inner London, and a growing population. Nearly half of all people living in Wandsworth are aged between 25 and 44 years old.

There are significant social inequalities affecting young people and the elderly. 36% of children are living in poverty when housing costs are accounted for.

2016 research highlighted that a quarter of people over 60 were experiencing income deprivation.

Populations of interest	 Communities in areas of deprivation Communities with Caribbean, Indian, Pakistani, and Somali backgrounds
Focus wards	Roehampton and Putney Heath, Southfields, Graveney, Latchmere, Queenstown

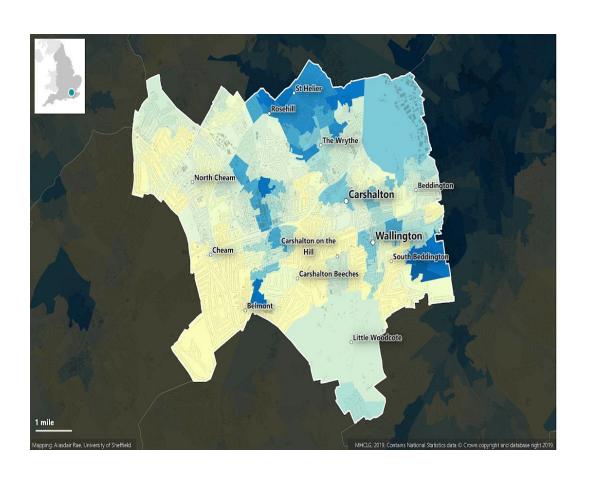
Source: English Indices of Deprivation https://imd2019.group.shef.ac.uk/ last accessed 10/09/2020

Channels to reach borough populations of interest in **Wandsworth**

Borough	Highlighted Populations of interest	Key organisations/Influencers	How we communicate e.g. channels	Reach
Wandsworth	Communities in areas of deprivation: Roehampton and Putney Heath, Southfields, Graveney, Latchmere, Queenstown	Roehampton response Network Wandsworth Community Empowerment Network (WCEN), Wandsworth Care Alliance, MACWO, Battersea Zoomers	Councillors, local activists – face-to-face meetings and email. Council newsletters, social media, community newsletters	~10,000
	Caribbean communities	NTA Church, WCEN, A2ndVoice	Community meetings, email	~ 1000
	Indian communities	WCEN, Wandsworth Asian Carers, Khalsa Centre - Tooting	Community meetings, email, newsletters	~ 800
	Pakistani communities	WCEN, Tooting Islamic Centre, Balham Masjid, Mushkil Asaan	Community meetings, email, newsletters, social media	~ 1000
	Somali communities	Love 2 Learn, Elays Network, MACWO	Email, social media, community meetings	100

Sutton areas and populations of interest





- Sutton has a population of over 200,000 and looking to increase to around 233,300 by 2024. Growth is expected in all age bracket especially working age population of 20 64. Greatest change is expected in age band (75-84) followed by people aged 85 and over.
- In Sutton, 2% of population accounts for people aged 85 and over and working population 20–64 is projected to increase by 2024. Older people live in the more deprived
- Sutton has become more ethnically diverse over the last decade, with White 79%, 12% of people for Asian or Asian British ethnic groups and 9% Black or Black British from other ethnic group
- Around 18,298 carers who live in Sutton can be found in the most deprived wards—St Helier, Wandle Valley and Wallington South. Around 3,550 of carers can be classed as older carers with health conditions than majority of London Boroughs. Sutton has the 26th highest out of 32 London Councils.

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Populations of interest	 Communities in areas of deprivation Communities with Black British African, Indian, Polish & Bulgarian, Somali, Tamil, Gypsy, Roma and Traveller backgrounds 			
Focus wards	 Beddington South (inc. Roundshaw), St Helier, The Wrythe, Wandle Valley, Sutton Central, Wallington South 			

Channels to reach borough populations of interest in **Sutton**

Borough	Highlighted Populations of interest	Key organisations/Influencers	How we communicate e.g. channels	Reach
Sutton	Communities in areas of deprivation (Beddington South (inc. Roundshaw), St Helier, The Wrythe, Wandle Valley, Sutton Central, Wallington South)	Neighbourhood Co-ordinators	Email, Newsletter and Door to door leaflets Sutton Health Champions – via social media and watsapp	5402
	Communities in areas of deprivation (Beddington South (inc. Roundshaw), St Helier, The Wrythe, Wandle Valley, Sutton Central, Wallington South)	Neighbourhood Watch Co-ordinators	No emails, face to face and leaflet drops	1633
	Black British, Black African Communities	Sutton Community Champions SACCO	Community Connectors – Watsapp	440 500
	Indian Communities	Asian Sports & Cultural Club	Facebook	150
	Polish & Bulgarian Communities	People Arise Now	Email and meetings	100+
	Somali Communities	Sutton Tamil School & Elders	Email distribution	200